



## Intended Use

This reagent is intended for in vitro quantitative determination of Creatine Kinase in human serum or plasma.

- Optimized IFCC Method
- Linear up to 1700 U/L
- Working Reagent can be prepared as per requirements

# Clinical Significance

It is mainly found in all muscle (Cardiac & Skeletal) & brain tissues. It plays an important role in energy storing mechanism of the tissues. It's iso-enzymes: CK-MB mainly exists in cardiac muscle tissues, CK-MM in skeletal muscle tissues & CK-BB in brain. Increased levels are found in myocardial infarction, muscular dystrophy, cerebrovascular-disease, pulmonary infarction, electrical shocks & hypothyroidisim. Decreased levels are, sometimes seen in early pregnancy, alcoholic liver diseases and RA.

## Principle

Kinetic determination of Creatine Kianse is based on following reactions:-

CK Creatine Phosphate + ADP → Creatine +ATP HK ATP + Glucose -> ADP + Glucose - 6- phosphate G6P - DH G-6-P + NADP > D-Gluconate -6-phosphate + NADPH + H<sup>+</sup>

CK - Creatine Kinase

HK - Hexokinase

G-6-P-Glucose-6-phosphate

G-6-PDH-Glucose-6-Phosphate dehydrogenase.

## **Kit Components**

Reagent/	1	Product Code		Description
Component	51404001	51404002		
CK-NAC (S.L) R1	2 x 8 mL	2 x 24 mL	1 x 100 mL	Immidazole buffer 125 mmolL D-Glucose 25 mmol/L N-Acetyl-L-cysteine 25 mmol/L Magnesium acetate 12.5 mmol/L NADP 2.4 mmol/L EDTA 2.0 mmol/L Hexokinase >6800 U/L
CK-NAC (S.L) R2	2 x 2 mL	2 x 6 mL	1 x 25 mL	Creatine Phosphate 250 mmol/L

## Risk & Safety

Material Safety data sheets (MSDS) will be provided on request.

# Reagent Preparation

Mix 4 volume of Reagent 1 (R1) with 1 volume of Reagent 2 (R2)

The working reagent is stable for 14 days at 2-8°C.

Note: Discard the working reagent if the blank absorbance exceeds 1.0 at 340 nm.

## Reagent Storage

The sealed reagents are stable up to the expiry date stated on the label, when stored at 2-8°C and protected from light.

## **Open Vial Stability**

Once opened, the reagent is stable up to 4 weeks at 2-8°C if contamination is avoided.

## **On-board Calibration Stability**

On-board Calibration stability is 20 days.

## Reagent Deterioration

Turbidity or precipitation in any kit component indicates deterioration and the component must be discarded. Values outside the recommended acceptable range for the Agappe Oualicheck Norm & Path control may also be an indication of reagent instability and associated results are invalid. Sample should be retested using fresh vial of reagent.

#### Precaution

To avoid contamination, use clean laboratory wares. Use clean, dry disposable pipette tips for dispensing. Close reagent bottles immediately after use.

Avoid direct exposure of reagent to light. Do not blow into the reagent bottles.

This reagent is only for IVD use and follow the normal precautions required for handling all laboratory reagents.

## Waste Management

Reagents must be disposed off in accordance with local regulations.

## Sample

Serum / Plasma (Free of haemolysis).

# Interferences

No interference for

Ascorbic acid up to 40 mg/dL Haemoglobin up to 5 g/L Turbidity up to 600 mg/dL

#### **Materials Provided**

CK-NAC reagent R1& R2

## Materials required but not provided

- Pipettes & Tips
- Test Tubes & racks
- Timer
- Incubator
- Analyzer

#### Test Parameter

Mode of Reaction	Kinetic
Slope of reaction	Increasing
Wavelength	340 nm
Temperature	37°C
Factor	4127
Linearity	1700 U/L
Blank	Distilled Water
Delay time	100 sec.
No of readings	3
Interval	60 sec
Reagent volume	1000 μL
Sample volume	40 μL
Cuvette	1 cm light path

Application parameters for various instrument are available. Please contact customer support department for specific information.

## Unit Conversion

Traditional Unit	SI Unit	Conversion from Traditional to SI
U/L	μKat/L	x 0.017

## Calibration

Agappe multicalibrator is recommended for calibration of this assy on fully auto analyzers.

Use provided factor (4127) for estimation of this assay on Semi automated analyzer.

## Procedure notes

Laboratory proce	dure for Semi Auto Analyzer.(Mono reagent Procedure)
Working reagent	1000 μL
Sample	40 μL
Mix and incubate a minute (OD/min)	t $37^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$ for 1 minute. Measure the change in absorbance per during 3 minutes.

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Arthrex GmbH Erwin-Hleischer-Strasse 9, 81249 Munchen, Germany









Two reagent P	rocedure
Reagent R1	200 μL
Reagent R2	50 μL
	5 second and add sample 10 μL. mix well and incubate for measure the variation of absorbance per minute during 3 minute

#### Calculation

Creatine Kinase Activity (U/L) = ( $\triangle$  OD /min.) x 4127

# **Quality Control**

It is recommended to use Agappe Qualicheck Norm & Path (51601001) to verify the performance of the assay. Each laboratory has to establish its own internal quality control scheme and procedure for corrective action, if control do not recover within the acceptable range.

## Reference Range

It is recommended that each laboratory establish its own reference value.

The following value may be used as guide line. : < 171 U/L Men upto Women upto : < 145 U/L

Results obtained for patient samples are to be correlated with clinical findings of patient for interpretation and diagnosis.

## Performance

# 1. Linearity

This reagent is linear upto 1700 U/L.

If the concentration is greater than linearity (1700 U/L) dilute the sample with normal saline and repeat the assay. Multiply the result with dilution factor.

## 2. Comparison

A comparison study has been performed between Agappe reagent and another internationally available reagent yielded a correlation coefficient of  $\rm r^2{=}0.9802$  and a regression equation of y =1.035x.

## 3. Precision

Intra Run		
	Control Level 1	Control Level 2
n	20	20
Mean (U/L)	130.2	445.4
SD	4.20	15.19
CV(%)	3.23	3.41

Inter Run		
	Control Level 1	Control Level 2
n	20	20
Mean (U/L)	126.9	434.9
SD	4.8	16.7
CV(%)	3.8	3.8

Accuracy ( U/L )			
Control	Expected Value	Measured Value	
Control Level 1	141 ±28	131.8	
Control Level 2	457 ± 91	435	
Qualicheck Norm	145 ± 22.3	152.1	
Oualicheck Path	510 ± 80	490	

## 4. Sensitivity

Lower detection Limit is 2.0 U/L.

## **Bibliography**

1. DGKC, J.Clin. chem.Clin. Bioch.15, 255 (1977).

2. Di. Witt, C. Tren delenburg, J. Clin chemie, Clin. Bioch. 20,235 (1982).

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ISO 9001 : 2008 ISO 13485 : 2003